

PALLIDOGRAMME

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Pallidogramme Staiger, Kalb & Lücking, in R.Lücking, J.L.Chaves, H.J.M.Sipman, L.Umaña & A.Aptroot, *Fieldiana (Bot.)* 46: 14 (2008), from the Latin *pallidus* (pale) and the Greek *gramme* (a line), in reference to the pale lirellae.

Hemithecium subg. *Leucogramma* Staiger, *Biblioth. Lichenol.* 85: 277 (2002). T: *H. chrysenteron* (Mont.) Trevis. [= *P. chrysenteron* (Mont.) Staiger, Kalb & Lücking]

Thallus off-white, pale fawn or olive-green, thin, smooth, glossy, corticolous (Australian specimens), lacking soredia and isidia. Ascomata lirelliform, sessile and conspicuous or immersed and inconspicuous, usually simple, rarely branched. Proper exciple non-carbonised, pale yellowish brown or reddish brown, entire; lips occasionally darkening. Hymenium inspersed, I-. Ascii (1-) 8-spored. Ascospores pale brown to brown, narrowly ellipsoidal to oblong-ellipsoidal, submuriform to muriform, I-.

Chemistry: Stictic acid; rarely with constictic acid.

A genus of four tropical and subtropical species; three are known from Australia.

R.Lücking, J.L.Chaves, H.J.M.Sipman, L.Umaña & A.Aptroot, First assessment of the Ticolichen diversity inventory in Costa Rica: the genus *Graphis*, *Fieldiana (Bot.)* 46: 1–126 (2008).

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| 1 | Ascospores 25–35 µm long..... | 3. <i>P. montiscalvi</i> |
| 1: | Ascospores > 50 µm long..... | 2 |
| 2 | Ascospores 50–75 µm long (1:) | 2. <i>P. chrysenteron</i> |
| 2: | Ascospores 80–100 µm long | 1. <i>P. chlorocarpoides</i> |